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APPLICATION FOR PATENT

## METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR REMOTELY DEBUGGING AN APPLICATION PROGRAM OVER THE INTERNET

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### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention generally relates to methods for software vendors to provide technical assistance to their customers and in particular, to a method and apparatus for remotely debugging an application program over the Internet.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

It is common business practice for customers to purchase application programs or software over the Internet by downloading them from vendor web sites. This method of purchasing software is both convenient for customers, and cost effective for vendors. Customers do not waste time or gas traveling to and looking for retail stores stocking the software, and vendors eliminate middleman expenses and avoid packaging and media costs.

Unfortunately, when customers experience problems using the purchased software, the prevalent method of debugging those problems continues to be the old fashioned method of calling in for customer telephone assistance. This approach results too often in long waits to talk to technical support personnel, and limited diagnostic assistance once such personnel become available since it

may be difficult for them to replicate the customer's problem on their computers.

## OBJECTS AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, it is an object of the present invention to provide an improved method and apparatus for software vendors to provide technical assistance to their customers.

Another object is to provide a method and apparatus for software vendors to provide technical assistance to their customers over the Internet.

Still other objects are to provide a method and apparatus for remotely debugging an application program over the Internet.

These and additional objects are accomplished by the various aspects of the present invention, wherein briefly stated, one aspect is a method implemented in a client computer for remotely debugging an application program over the Internet, comprising: (a), establishing a connection between the client computer and a server computer over the Internet; (b), receiving a request from a debug program of the server computer; (c), causing an application program of the client computer to generate a response to the request; and (d), transmitting an indication of the response back to the debug program; and (e), repeating (b), (c) and (d) multiple times so as to run the application program through a diagnostic sequence.

In another aspect, an apparatus for remotely debugging an application program over the Internet, comprises a client computer having an interface program

for: (a), establishing a connection between the client computer and a server computer over the Internet; (b), receiving a request from a debug program of the server computer; (c), causing an application program of the client computer to generate a response to the request; and (d), transmitting an indication of the response back to the debug program; and (e), repeating (b), (c) and (d) multiple times so as to run the application program through a diagnostic sequence.

In another aspect, a method implemented in a client computer for remotely debugging an application program over the Internet, comprises: (a), establishing a connection between the client computer and a server computer over the Internet; (b), receiving a request from a debug program of the server computer; (c), causing an application program of the client computer to respond to the request; (d), generating a graphics file including pixel information for a graphics image displayed on a display screen of the client computer; and (e), transmitting the graphics file to the server computer so that the graphics image is displayable on a display screen of the server computer.

In another aspect, an apparatus for remotely debugging an application program over the Internet, comprises a client computer having an interface program for: (a), establishing a connection between the client computer and a server computer over the Internet; (b), receiving a request from a debug program of the server computer; (c), causing an application program of the client computer to respond to the request; (d), generating a graphics file including pixel information for a graphics

image displayed on a display screen of the client computer; and (e), transmitting the graphics file to the server computer so that the graphics image is displayable on a display screen of the server computer.

In another aspect, a method implemented in a server computer for remotely debugging an application program over the Internet, comprises: (a), receiving a request from a client computer over the Internet to debug an application program of the client computer; (b), transmitting back to the client computer a request for the application program to take an action; (c), receiving an indication of a response of the application program action back from the client computer; and (d), repeating (b) and (c) multiple times so as to run the application program through a diagnostic sequence.

In another aspect, an apparatus for remotely debugging an application program over the Internet, comprises a server computer having a debug program for: (a), receiving a request from a client computer over the Internet to debug an application program of the client computer; (b), transmitting back to the client computer a request for the application program to take an action; (c), receiving an indication of a response of the application program action back from the client computer; and (d), repeating (b) and (c) multiple times so as to run the application program through a diagnostic sequence.

In yet another aspect, a method implemented in a server computer for remotely debugging an application program over the Internet, comprises: (a), receiving a request from a client computer over the Internet to debug an application program of the client computer; (b),

transmitting back to the client computer a request for the application program to take an action; (c), receiving a graphics file including pixel information for a graphics image displayed on a display screen of the client computer in response to the action; (d), displaying the graphics image on a display screen of a server computer; and (e), repeating (b) through (d) multiple times so as to allow a user of the server computer to interactively debug the application program by transmitting requests for the application program to take certain actions in consideration of graphics images defined in graphics files received from the client computer in response to prior such requests.

In still another aspect, an apparatus for remotely debugging an application program over the Internet, comprises a server computer having a debug program for: (a), receiving a request from a client computer over the Internet to debug an application program of the client computer; (b), transmitting back to the client computer a request for the application program to take an action; (c), receiving a graphics file including pixel information for a graphics image displayed on a display screen of the client computer in response to the action; (d), displaying the graphics image on a display screen of a server computer; and (e), repeating (b) through (d) multiple times so as to allow a user of the server computer to interactively debug the application program by transmitting requests for the application program to take certain actions in consideration of graphics images defined in graphics files received from the client computer in response to prior such requests.

Additional objects, features and advantages of the various aspects of the present invention will become apparent from the following description of its preferred embodiments, which description should be taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

**FIG. 1** illustrates a diagram of a system for remotely debugging an application program over the Internet.

**FIG. 2** illustrates a client display screen under control of an application program.

**FIG. 3** illustrates a client display screen under control of an interface program.

**FIG. 4** illustrates a flow diagram of a method implemented in a client computer for remotely debugging an application program over the Internet.

**FIG. 5** illustrates a flow diagram of a method implemented in a server computer for remotely debugging an application program over the Internet.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

**FIG. 1** illustrates a diagram of a system **100** for remotely debugging an application program **12** over the Internet **20**. Included in the system **100** are a client computer **10** having an application program **12** and an interface program **14** residing on it, and a server computer **30** having a debug program **32** residing on it. A customer of the application program **12** controls the client computer **10**, and a vendor of the application program **12** controls the

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server computer **30**. The client computer **10** and the server computer **30** are coupled through the Internet **20**. The debug program **32** facilitates preprogrammed and vendor debugging of the application program **12**.

The interface program **14** controls the application program **12** and communicates with the debug program **32** during the debug mode. When the debug program **32** transmits a request to be acted upon by the application program **12**, the interface program **14** receives the request and causes the application program **12** to generate a response to the request. The interface program **14** then transmits an indication of the response back to the debug program **32**.

In one form of indication, the interface program **14** simply returns the response to the debug program **32**. In another form of indication, the interface program **14** captures pixel information for a graphics image on the display screen of the client computer **10** from a frame buffer associated with the client computer **10**, converts the pixel information into a graphics file of a selected graphics file format, and transmits the graphics file to the debug program **32**. The graphics file format may be any one of a number of standard formats such as JPEG, GIF or TIF. This form of indication allows the vendor operator to see what is being displayed on the display screen of the client computer **10**. This is especially useful when the vendor operator is unable to replicate the response generated by the application program **12** running on the client computer **10** with a corresponding response generated by a copy of the application program **12** running on the server computer **30**.

As used herein, the purchaser of the application program **12** is referred to as the "customer", the operator or user of the client computer **10** is referred to as the "customer operator", the vendor company of the application program **12** is referred to as the "vendor", and the operator or user of the server computer **30** is referred to as the "vendor operator". Vendor operators are typically customer technical support personnel. The interface program **14** is typically sold or licensed by the vendor along with the application program **12**.

FIG. **2** illustrates a simplified example of the client display screen **200** under the control of the application program **12**. A tool bar area **201** includes numerous buttons (not shown) for typical customer operator control input, and a debug button **202**. The interface program **14** is activated when the customer operator clicks the debug button **202**. Upon its activation, the interface program **14** takes control of the application program **12**, establishes a connection with the debug program **32**, receives requests from the debug program **32**, and transmits responses or indications of responses back to the debug program **32**. A client work area **203** is also shown on the client display screen **200**. The tool bar area **201** and the client work area **203** are legacies of the application program **12**, whereas the debug button **202** facilitates an added feature for remotely debugging the application program **12** over the Internet **20**.

FIG. **3** illustrates a simplified example of the client display screen **200** under the control of the interface program **14**. The tool bar area **201** is generally no longer responsive to customer operator input, except for

the debug button **202**. When the customer operator clicks
the debug button **202** in this case, the interface program **14**
is deactivated and control of the application program **12**
returns to the customer operator. Superimposed over the
client work area **203** is an exemplary window **304** used for
communications between the customer operator and the debug
program **32** or a vendor operator.

In one use of the window **304**, the interface
program **14** prompts the customer operator for a user
identification and password. After the customer operator
provides the requested information, the interface program
**14** transmits the user identification and password to the
debug program **32** for verification. In another use of the
window **304**, the interface program **14** presents a check-the-
box type questionnaire to the customer operator to
facilitate efficient diagnosis of the problem to be
debugged. After the customer operator clicks the
appropriate boxes, the interface program **14** transmits the
information to the debug program **32**, which in turn,
initiates appropriate diagnostic sequences corresponding to
each checked box. In still another use of the window **304**,
an instant messaging or chat room type area facilitates
communication back and forth between the customer operator
and the vendor operator to further facilitate diagnosis of
the problem to be debugged.

**FIG. 4** illustrates a flow diagram of a method
implemented in a client computer **10** for remotely debugging
an application program **12** over the Internet **20**. In **401**,
the interface program **14** detects a debug request initiated
by the customer operator clicking the debug button **202**, and
as a result, becomes activated. After becoming activated,

the interface program **14** takes control of the application program **12** and establishes a connection with the debug program **32** of the server computer **30** over the Internet **20**. The interface program **14** knows the Internet address of the debug program **32** in this case, because it has been preprogrammed into the interface program **12** by the vendor.

In **402**, the interface program **14** transmits identification information to the debug program **32** of the server computer **30** over the Internet **20**. A first set of identification information includes identification of the application program **12**, and identification of the client computer **10**. This information allows the debug program **32** to verify that the application program **12** is still under warranty or maintenance contract, and that the client computer **10** is authorized to run the application program **12**. The identifications of the application program and client computer **10** may be sent automatically by the interface program **14** according to its programming after establishing connection with the debug program **32**, or sent by the interface program **14** after the debug program **32** has made a request for such information to the interface program **14**. A second set of identification information includes a user identification and a password. The customer operator provides this information in a conventional fashion after being prompted by the interface program **14**. Providing the user identification and password allows the debug program **32** to verify that the customer operator is authorized to contact the vendor company for debug support. If verification fails for either the first or second set of identification information, the interface program **14** displays a failure message received from the

debug program **32** in the window **304**. The interface program
**14** is then deactivated, and control of the application
program **12** is passed back to the customer operator.

In **403**, the interface program **14** receives a
request for preliminary information from the debug program
**32**. The preliminary information request may take the form
of a fill-in-the-box questionnaire preprogrammed in and
automatically transmitted by the debug program **32**, or
instant messaging or chat room type questions from the
vendor operator. In either case, the questionnaire or
questions are displayed in the window **304**. The customer
operator then responds to the questionnaire by checking the
appropriate boxes, or answers the instant messaging or chat
room type questions, as the case may be, and the interface
program **14** transmits the information back to the debug
program **32**. The purpose of such preliminary information is
to make the debug process more efficient, such as narrowing
the choices of diagnostic sequences to take in subsequent
debugging activities.

In **404** through **406**, the interface program **14**
takes certain actions in response to a diagnostic sequence
received from the debug program **32**. The diagnostic
sequence may be preprogrammed into the debug program **32**, or
it may be provided to the debug program **32** from the vendor
operator. It may also be a combination of a preprogrammed
diagnostic sequence and vendor operator provided diagnostic
sequence. In this case, the diagnostic sequence typically
starts out as a preprogrammed diagnostic sequence that is
paused at some point by the vendor operator. The vendor
operator then takes over control of the debug program **32** at
this point, and generates his or her own diagnostic

sequence so as to interactively debug the application program **12**.

In **404**, the interface program **14** receives a request from the debug program **32** to be redirected to the application program **12**. As previously described, the request is one of a diagnostic sequence directed to debug the application program **12**. In **405**, the interface program **14** causes the application program **12** to generate a response to the request. In **406**, the interface program **14** transmits an indication of the response back to the debug program **32**. As previously described, the indication may be the response itself, or a graphics file including pixel information for a graphics image displayed on the display screen of the client computer **10**. Then **404** through **406** are repeated multiple times so as to run the application program **12** through the diagnostic sequence.

**FIG. 5** illustrates a flow diagram of a method implemented in a server computer **30** for remotely debugging an application program **12** over the Internet **20**. In **501**, the debug program **32** establishes a connection with the interface program **14** of the client computer **10**, as further described in reference to **401**. In **502**, the debug program **32** receives identification information from the interface program **14**, and verifies such information, as further described in reference to **402**. In **503**, the debug program **32** transmits a preliminary information request to the interface program **14**, and receives customer operator responses back, as further described in reference to **403**. By performing **504** through **506** multiple times, the debug program **32** or vendor operator generates and provides the diagnostic sequence to the interface program **14** in order to

debug the application program **12,** as further described in reference to **404** through **406.** In particular, in **504,** the debug program **32** transmits a diagnostic sequence request for the application program **12** to the interface program **14.** In **505,** the debug program **32** receives an indication of the response of the application program **12** to the diagnostic sequence request back from the interface program **14.** In **506,** the debug program **32** analyzes the response and determines a next diagnostic sequence request for the application program **12** according to a preprogrammed diagnostic sequence, or the vendor operator analyzes the response and determines a next diagnostic sequence request for the application program **12** according to a vendor operator determined diagnostic sequence.

Although the various aspects of the present invention have been described with respect to a preferred embodiment, it will be understood that the invention is entitled to full protection within the full scope of the appended claims.